

Stream Corridor Improvement Project

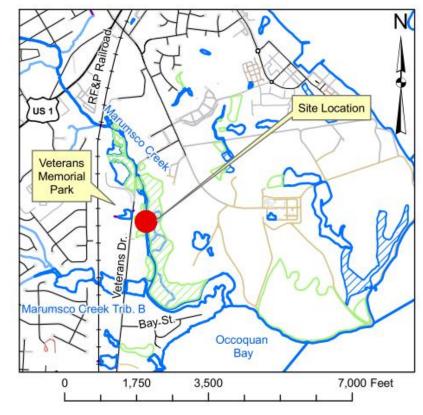
Project ID: 915-CZIP-01 Stream: Marumsco Creek Subshed: 915

Type: Coastal Marsh Enhancement Size/Length: 183 LF Location: Marumsco Creek east of tennis courts and Veterans Drive in Veterans Memorial Park

Land Ownership:

United States of America 800 Bay St GPIN: 8491-18-2953

PWC Park Authority Veterans Memorial Park 14300 Veterans Drive GPIN: 8492-00-2786



PROJECT VICINITY MAP

Problem Description:

Coastal Zone Enhancement (5D-915-108CZ)

In this area of Marumsco Creek, a limited area of the shoreline of the creek is slightly degraded along the nature trail through the park. The degradation portion of the shoreline provides an opportunity to enhance the aquatic habitat of the stream and provides a potential community involvement project.

Project Concept

Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Planting and Breakwater Construction

The project concept for this site involves the establishment of a soft breakwater structure with submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) plantings between the breakwater and the shoreline. The soft breakwater structure is proposed to be constructed from coir fiber logs anchored to the channel bed. Types of SAV that can be considered for planting behind the breakwater include Eurasian watermilfoil, wild celery or eelgrass (depending on water salinity), sago pondweed, and horned pondweed. Additionally, small mudflats in the area can be enhanced with wetland plantings and existing nearby SAV areas are to be protected by installation of the breakwater.

Project Benefits

Aquatic Habitat

The coir fiber logs will provide protection to the new SAV plantings from strong currents and wave attack and will provide habitat for aquatic species of macroinvertibrates, reptiles, and fish. The SAV planting provide additional habitat and food sources for many of the animal species which inhabit the Chesapeake Bay region including fish species such as shad, herring and rockfish.

Water Quality

Submerged aquatic plants can help improve water quality by utilizing dissolved nitrogen and phosphorous for plant growth. By withdrawing the nutrients from the water, they make them unavailable for use by algae thus reducing the contributions of local storm water runoff to algal blooms.

Project Cost:

Design Cost: No design fee Construction Cost: \$5,490







Legend

	Existing SAV Plantings
	New SAV Plantings
	Beach Nourishment
	Stream Stabilization
82	New Wetland Plantings
	Parcels
Z Z	Wetlands
	Stream
	Stone Jetty
	Soft Backwater Structure
	Coastal Zone
?	Coastal Zone Characterizatio

Marumsco Creek and Farm Creek Watershed Coastal Zone Improvement Project

5D-915-108CZ

Right bank of Marumsco Creek along the hiker trail in Veterans Memorial Park. 6/30/2009



5D-915-108CZ

Right bank of Marumsco Creek along the hiker trail in Veterans Memorial Park. 6/30/2009



Stream Corridor Improvement Project

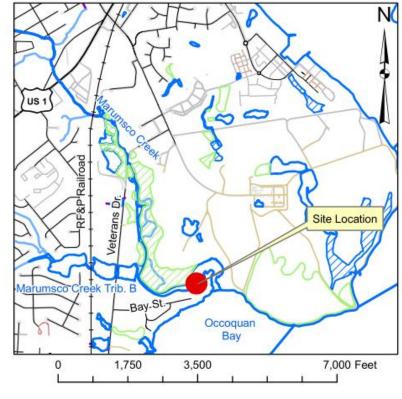
Project ID: 915-CZIP-02 Stream: Marumsco Creek Subshed: 915

Type: Coastal Marsh Enhancement Size/Length: 1,000 LF Location: Marumsco Creek north of Bay Street behind residential properties.

Land Ownership:

United States of America 800 Bay St GPIN: 8491-18-2953

*Site access may require acquisition of a construction access easement from a private property owner. Selection of appropriate property should be made in the design phase.



PROJECT VICINITY MAP

Problem Description:

Coastal Zone Enhancement (5E-915-111CZ & 112CZ)

In this area of Marumsco Creek, minimal buffer exists along the right streambank between the tidal portion of the creek and the private property. Degradation of the shoreline in this area has impaired habitat for native species of macroinvertibrates, reptiles, fish, and birds in this area. Additionally, the lack of a vegetated buffer allows for untreated stormwater runoff from the residential lawns to directly enter Marumsco Creek.

Project Concept

Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Planting and Breakwater Construction

The project concept for this site involves the establishment of a soft breakwater structure with submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) plantings between the breakwater and the shoreline. The soft breakwater structure is proposed to be constructed from coir fiber logs anchored to the channel bed. Types of SAV that can be considered for planting behind the breakwater include Eurasian watermilfoil, wild celery or eelgrass (depending on water salinity), sago pondweed, and horned pondweed.

Project Benefits

Aquatic Habitat

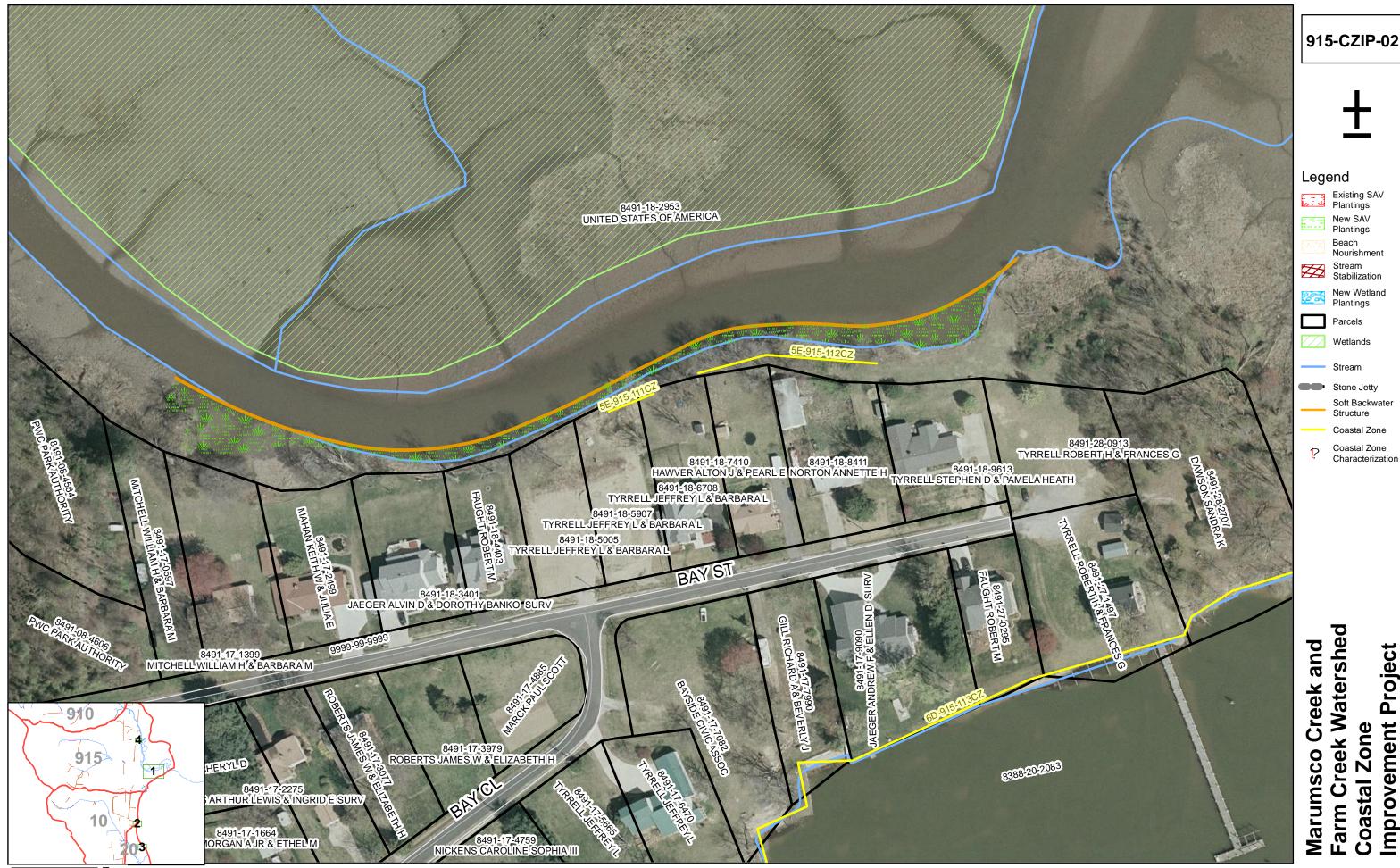
The coir fiber logs will provide protection to the new SAV plantings from strong currents and wave attack and will provide habitat for aquatic species of macroinvertibrates, reptiles, and fish. The SAV planting provide additional habitat and food sources for many of the animal species which inhabit the Chesapeake Bay region including fish species such as shad, herring and rockfish.

Water Quality

Submerged aquatic plants can help improve water quality by utilizing dissolved nitrogen and phosphorous for plant growth. By withdrawing the nutrients from the water, they make them unavailable for use by algae thus reducing the contributions of local storm water runoff to algal blooms.

Project Cost:

Design Cost: \$8,000 Construction Cost: \$30,000 Total Cost: \$38,000



12.25 50 75 100

1 inch equals 100 feet

915-CZIP-02



Improvement Project

5E-915-112CZ

Right bank of Marumsco Creek behind Bay Street. 6/30/2009

5E-915-112CZ Right bank of Marumsco Creek behind Bay Street. 6/30/2009









Stream Corridor Improvement Project

Project ID: 20-CZIP-03 Stream: Occoquan Bay Subshed: 20

Type: Beach Nourishment

Size/Length: 290 LF Location: Occoquan Bay near Tornai Court cul-de-sac

Land Ownership:

Heritage Harbor Community Association 1252 Marseille Lane GPIN: 8491-04-4239

Heritage Harbor Community Association 15000 Boaters Cove Place GPIN: 8491-03-1957

David & Carol Moore 14815 Bayview Dr GPIN: 8491-04-3160

Problem Description:

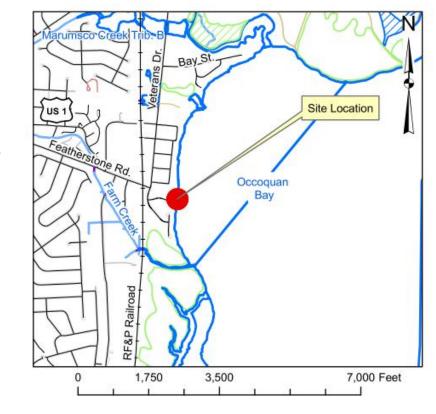
Coastal Zone Enhancement (7D-20-04CZ)

This area is one of the few shorelines of the Occoquan Bay in this area that has note been artificially stabilized with wooden bulk head. Currently a limited beach front exists along the shoreline. The limited beach area has two stormdrain outfalls that flow onto it and are bounded on both ends by timber boat docks. The southern end of the project is bounded by a concrete boat ramp.

Project Concept

Beach Nourishment

The project concept for this project site involves construction of a stone jetty along the southern boundary of the project and beach nourishment through sand pumping / placement along the nourishment area as shown. The stone jetty placement will allow for stabilization of the created beachhead and will prevent long-shore currents from pushing sands from the beach into the dock and boat ramp areas. Additionally, proper design of the jetty system along with presence of a sufficient sand sediment supply in the Occoquan Bay system will allow for the created beach system to be self-sustaining.



PROJECT VICINITY MAP

Project Benefits

Infrastructure Protection

Creation of a beach head creates a natural energy dissipation barrier along the shoreline of the Occoquan Bay. The energy dissipation barrier breaks-up storm generated wave energy through depth limiting effects away from the shoreline, as opposed to current conditions where storm generated waves break against the bulkhead causing an increased potential for damage or destruction of the bulkhead and loss of land behind the bulkhead.

Aquatic Habitat Restoration

Recreated beaches can provide habitat, nesting and spawning areas for turtles, horseshoe crabs, least terns, and piping plover within the Chesapeake Bay region.

Project Cost:

Design Cost: \$150,000 Construction Cost: \$348,000 Total Cost: \$498,000





Improvement Project

7D-20-04CZ

Limited beach area along the Occoquan Bay shoreline. Photo taken at high tide. 6/30/2009



7D-20-04CZ

Limited beach area along the Occoquan Bay shoreline. Photo taken at low tide. 8/20/2009



Stream Corridor Improvement Project

Project ID: 20-CZIP-04 Stream: Occoquan Bay Subshed: 20

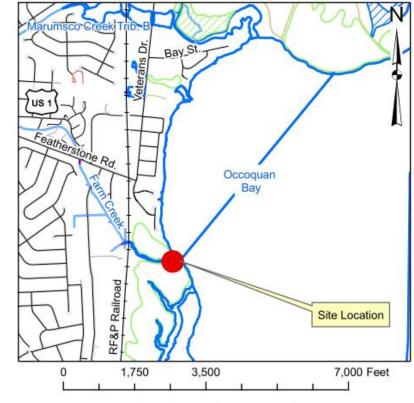
Type: Beach Nourishment

Size/Length: 290 LF Location: Occoquan Bay near Tornai Court cul-de-sac

Land Ownership:

United States of America Fish and Wildlife Administration 1181 Marseille Lane GPIN: 8491-03-2516

* Project site will require access via boat and barge.



Problem Description:

Coastal Zone Enhancement (7D-20-01CZ)

PROJECT VICINITY MAP

The right streambank of Farm Creek is eroding in this area. The bank erosion is estimated to be 4 feet high above the high tide level. A few trees have been undermined by the erosion and are falling into the estuary.

Project Concept

Stream Bank Stabilization

The project concept for this project site involves stabilization of the streambank through grading and bioengineering / bank plantings.

Project Benefits

Stream Stabilization

Stabilization of the eroded streambank will provide water quality, natural resource conservation, and aquatic habitat conservation benefits for the Occoquan Bay. These benefits include:

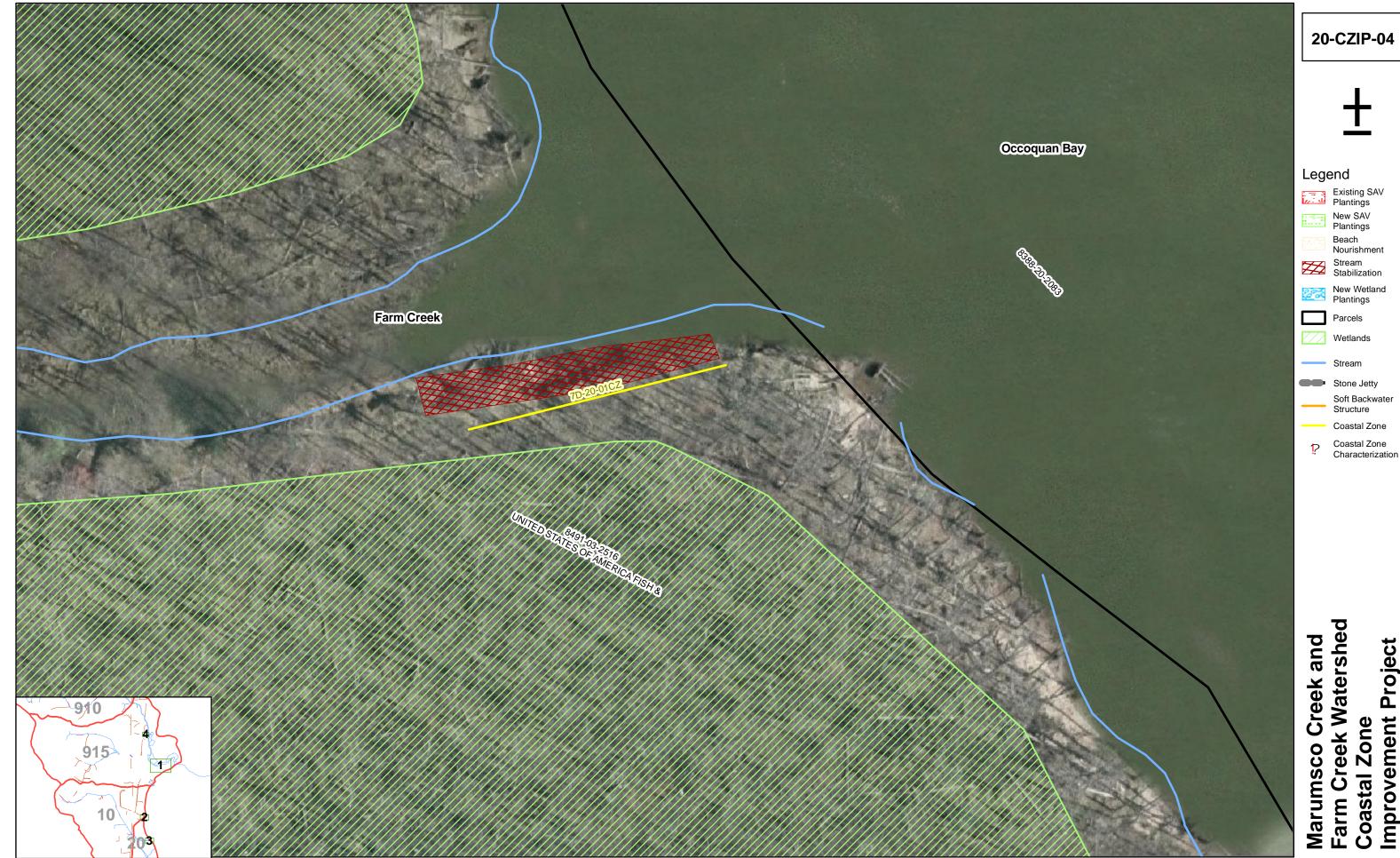
Water Quality – Stabilization of the stream will reduce the current sediment loading that is being produced through this reach and impacting the bay. The introduction of additional TSS into the bay will increase the water's turbidity, blocking sunlight and impacting submerged aquatic plant production. Additionally, nutrients from the soil

that dissolve into the water column can be used to increase the reproduction of algae, further stressing the submerged aquatic plant population.

- *Natural Resource Conservation* Natural resources in the area are currently endangered or impacted by this destabilized system. Bank erosion is leading to the undermining and felling of trees, which in turn will lead to additional bank instabilities.
- Aquatic Habitat Conservation As previously noted, the erosion along the streambank is supplying TSS and nutrients to the tidal portion of Farm Creek and the Occoquan Bay. The TSS and nutrient contributions are potentially stressing submerged aquatic plants and thus stressing the habitat and food supply for native fish and crab species.

Project Cost:

Design Cost: \$80,000 Construction Cost: \$150,000 Total Cost: \$230,000



Improvement Project

7D-20-01CZ

Right streambank of Farm Creek. Erosion shown is estimated to be +/- 4 feet high above the high tide line. 6/30/2009



7D-20-01CZ

Right streambank of Farm Creek. Photo shows undermining of trees that are falling into the estuary. 6/30/2009

